

**THE GAZETTE.**

SATURDAY JUNE 15.

**TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES**

Born: Thomas Randolph, 1605.  
Edward, the Black Prince, 1330.  
Died: Thomas Campbell (poet), 1844.  
Rene Armand de Vernet (historian), 1735.  
Wat Tyler slain, 1381.  
Frederick III, emperor of Germany, 1888.  
Franklin drew electricity from the clouds and proved its identity with lightning, 1752.  
Magna Charta signed, 1215.

**DWELLING TOGETHER IN UNITY.**

A few days ago the Gazette took the liberty of quoting from a leading democratic paper a few remarks on the question of bringing the democratic factions together so that they can stand on one platform, heartily support the same candidate, and thus march to victory. Since then there have been other expressions in regard to the democratic candidate and the democratic chairman which show that the coming together of the democratic factions is not much better than uniting of fire and explosives.

The New York Sun says every democratic will endorse the reelection of Colonel Bruce as chairman of the democratic National committee—that Bruce is the right man and would have succeeded in defeating the republicans last fall if he had not been handicapped by such a candidate as Cleveland.

The New York World which is as good a democratic paper as the Sun, says the choice of Bruce was a great mistake; that the democratic party can never win and will never deserve to win by elevating such men as its figureheads.

The Sun will oppose Cleveland's nomination, and the World doesn't want to be compelled to support him. But the Atlanta Constitution says Mr. Cleveland must be re-nominated because the democrats can't elect any one else.

The Omaha Herald, the organ of the democracy west of the Mississippi, speaks of Bruce as the man "who elected Harrison and Morton last fall," which is a fine compliment to the democratic chairman.

The New York Sun nominates Hill and Randall, but the St. Louis Republic, the leader of the democratic hosts in Missouri, says Hill is owned by the saloons. As their creature he is bound to carry out their ideas, and the saloon idea is that there should be no law or regulation to prevent the saloons from running the country. While the Atlanta Constitution remarks that Randall must leave the democratic party.

This is the "coming together" of the factions, and it promises a queer campaign for the democrats.

**REAPING WHAT THEY HAVE SOWN.**

There are certain temperance people in Chicago who are reaping tares because they sowed the seed that produced that kind of a weed.

It seems that during the municipal campaign in that city a great many temperance people agreed among themselves that they would vote for Cregier for mayor and scratch Roche for the alleged reason that if elected Cregier would close the saloons on Sunday, and that Roche would not, or did not during his term of office. So Cregier was elected, and Bishop Fallows, who led in the movement to elect a democratic mayor because he would close the saloons on Sunday, called on the mayor the other day and asked that they be rewarded for bolting the republican ticket. It requires only a few lines to tell what Mayor Cregier said to the deputation of temperance people:

He smiled frequently and nodded approvingly, and then said he was in favor of law and order and would always endeavor to aid in anything for the betterment of the people. He had been so busy, he said, that he had not given some things the attention he should have given them, but he hoped to have more time to attend to public wants now that the scramble for office was over.

It didn't take long for Bishop Fallows to see that their democratic mayor was giving them taffy. The good bishop also learned that neither Mayor Cregier nor ex-Mayor Roche could close saloons, barber shops, and stores on Sunday, for the reason that there is no law giving the mayor that authority. Before the election these temperance people were led to believe that a democratic mayor would come to the rescue of the Sabbath and that the desecration of the day would practically cease in Chicago! Poor deluded mortals! They sold their votes for much less than the value of a vote of postage. If they had taken time to think, or had been wise voters, they would have known that there was not one chance in ten thousand of a democratic mayor closing saloons on Sunday even if he had the power.

The condition of Bishop Fallows and his deluded followers teaches a very important lesson. Men who sell their votes to the enemy with a promise as the only consideration, always suffer loss. Dividends were never known to come from such an investment.

The stories of the enormous gains of the trust, extravagant as they seem, are probably not much exaggerated, although some accounts put them as high as from \$20,000,000 to \$40,000,000 a year on a capital of \$50,000,000. These respectable and just profits are made out of the necessities of the people. The millions to whom an advance of two or three cents a pound on sugar means deprivation and suffering, are the victims from whom the gains of the millionaire monopolies are extorted.—New York World.

And this is a democratic trust, and when the republican party represented by the republican senators sought to reduce the tariff on sugar fifty per cent, the democrats both in congress and out of it, set up a howl against the proposed reduction, and it is said that Havemeyer, the conspicuous head of the sugar trust, gave \$150,000 to the Cleveland campaign fund. And the New York World need

not have its memory jogged as to its course last fall. During the campaign it never said a word against the democratic trust, but now it wakes up to the fact that the sugar trust is a dangerous thing; and that Chairman Bruce is a rank monopolist. The World is taking very much the same view of trusts and the democratic chairman that the republicans did during the last campaign.

A writer in the New York Tribune thinks the word "deceased" should be used instead of "dead," because it is a "much softer expression." It may be a "more tender word," but it would sound oddly if, where Byron describes the maid of Saragossa as stalking over "the yet warm dead," we should substitute "the yet warm deceased," or if, in that fine passage in "Rivellations," we should read "and the sea gave up the deceased which were in it."—Sentinel.

On that beautiful passage from the 14th of Revelations—"And I heard a voice from heaven saying unto me, write, blessed are the dead that die in the Lord from henceforth;" or that verse from the 115th Psalm—"The dead praise not the Lord, neither any that go down into silence." It would be ridiculous to substitute the word "deceased" for that of "dead" in these fine passages; and when one hears an argument for such a change he naturally thinks of Colonel Seller's plea for the word "kill" instead of that of "murder" on the ground that there was a kindness about the former and a harshness about the latter!

Mr. Calvin S. Brice at the head of the democratic national committee, will be a terrible menace to the money power! The democratic strangers of the west will shout with joy when they learn that the democratic hosts are to be marshaled by a Wall street railway manipulator.—New York World.

Such "sarkasm" as this must be getting to the democratic readers of the democratic World. The democratic party is in a very troublesome condition. It takes Cleveland because it has to; and the democrats are forced upon it. It goes down pretty hard, and will come up again as in 1888.

Governor Hoard has received the following letter from the war department: WASHINGTON, June 10.—Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of your letter of the 11th ult., tendering to the United States the use of the Wisconsin state camp and rifle range, Camp Douglas, Wis., together with tents, etc., for the purpose of holding there the annual rifle competition of the Division of Missouri, and to inform you that your offer is accepted, and that the commanding general of the Division of Missouri has been advised. Very respectfully, J. M. SCHOFIELD, Major-General, Acting Secretary of War.

Things to be remembered: "Every furnace has pured out ideas with the molten metal. Every mill has drowned a host of sophistries with the rattle and roar of its machinery. Every yard of cloth, every pair of shoes, every glass tumbler, every plate or knife, or saw has gone out into the world an apostle of protection, teaching buyers and users that protected industries secure cheaper goods to consumers at the same time that they give higher wages to workers."

If there is any comfort in the assurance that Cleveland will be the democratic choice in 1892, our friends of the opposition are at liberty to make the most of it. They can count him in—Atlantic Constitution.

There is considerable comfort among the opposition in the assurance that Mr. Cleveland will be the democratic choice in 1892. The democrats may count him in the race, but the people will again count him out.

The Chicago Journal is responsible for the following statement: A list of eighteen millionaires is published in the newspapers, the total wealth of all aggregating \$1,227,000,000. Aside from P. D. Armour, who is in the list for \$25,000,000; they have not contributed, altogether, \$2,500 to the flood sufferers.

The contributions in cash to the Johnson sufferers will aggregate over four million dollars. Of this amount Philadelphia gives \$800,000, New York \$570,000, Pittsburgh \$345,000, Chicago \$125,000, Boston \$100,000.

New Hampshire did well in re-electing William E. Chandler to the senate. The democrats do not like him because he is a terror to them, but the republican party admire him for his courage, ability and honesty.

Mr. Brice, chairman of the democratic national committee, is said to be a delightful man in many ways. Therapeutically found him more delightful in the last campaign than the democrats did.

Cast Himself Over Niagara Falls. NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., June 13.—An unknown common worker over the falls today and it is supposed she committed suicide. A policeman who saw the body in the rapids found on the river bank in prospect park a black silk parasol, a handkerchief, a wrap of black material, and an empty half-pint flask, which had contained whisky, and a glass. William Glassbrook, mate of the steamer Mail, of the M. S. Co., towed the body to the shore below the new Suspension bridge. The clothing from the waist down was gone with the exception of the shoes and stockings. The woman was about 40 years old. It is rumored that she came from Buffalo.

Claims to Be Christ. HINESVILLE, Ga., June 13.—The latest sensation in Liberty county is an old, decrepit white man representing himself as Christ. He is going about among an ignorant class of people. He exhibits scars on his feet and hands where he was nailed to the cross. He predicts an earthquake and the end of the world Aug. 15. He goes from house to house followed by a large multitude of negroes, and his influence over them is so great that many of them have abandoned their crops and given themselves up to preparation for the end.

We have just received the largest and finest line of window shades and shade cloth ever shown in the city. Call and examine. We will not be undersold. J. SUTHERLAND & SONS.

**SULLIVAN OUT ON BAIL.****JUDGE TULEY GIVES HIM HIS FREEDOM.****Bonds Fixed at \$20,000—Tom Tierney Locked Up—Why Sullivans Were Aroused Against Him.**

CHICAGO, June 15.—Alexander Sullivan left Judge Tuley's court room Friday, temporarily at least, a free man after furnishing \$20,000 bail. In admitting Mr. Sullivan to bail Judge Tuley delivered one of the most interesting decisions of his life, and the bail was given immediately after the close of his remarks. The court room during the rendering of the decision was crowded from the outer door to the judge's bench with eager listeners, who gave the closest attention to every utterance of the learned chancellor. The audience was made up of about equal parts of the friends and enemies of Sullivan and lawyers who were curious to hear the chancellor's ruling on the new law points involved. The feeling at the result was consequently somewhat diversified, but there were few expressions of opinion.

Mr. Sullivan politely refused to express himself on the matter. His features betrayed no signs of elation, but there was a light of triumph in his eyes that even he could not suppress.

As matters now are, Mr. Sullivan, in a legal sense, stands much as he stood before a word of testimony was offered at the coroner's jury. The judge's ruling unquestionably places him at that position. In effect, the decision that the only important testimony from the settlement of view against him is that of J. D. Haggerty, who swears to having himself heard Sullivan use threats toward Dr. Cronin, but that in the testimony does not more than direct suspicion against him. The judge did more than this even; he took the only theories in which the belief of Sullivan's guilt could be based and picked them to pieces one by one. Having done this he intimated to the State's attorney that if more conclusive evidence was in the possession of the State it could now be adduced in opposition to the motion for the release of the accused, and the State's attorney having said he was not now in readiness to adduce such testimony the discharge on bail was ordered.

The congratulations that were extended to Mr. Sullivan were quietly but warmly offered and were calmly and gratefully received. Mr. Sullivan grasped the hands of his lawyers when the decision was rendered, and then his partner, Mr. Windes, leaned across the table and whispered his congratulations. Several lawyers shook Mr. Sullivan by the hand, and when his bondsmen had signed the bond they each did likewise. Those interested in the release of Sullivan, the physical force leaders, are naturally elated, for however the prosecution may end the utterances of the court on the case as it now stands must, to some extent at least, affect the issue.

After Judge Tuley rendered his decision there was a consultation in the chief of the office between Chief Hubbard, T. T. Conklin, and John F. and Mortimer Scanlan. After the conference T. T. Conklin, the superintendent of police were closeted for a time, but the chief said there was nothing of an important nature discussed. One of the men most active in the investigation said, in speaking of Judge Tuley's decision:

"There is nothing in it to discourage us. We know that there was great liberty taken in bringing out evidence before the coroner's jury, and we are also aware of the fact that the testimony elicited would not secure a conviction before a jury. We regard the decision in the light of a victory in so far that such heavy bail was demanded."

**TIERNEY IS LOCKED UP.**  
**Is He One of the Murderers of Dr. Cronin?**

CHICAGO, June 15.—Thomas Tierney is under arrest as a "suspect" in the Cronin case. Tierney's name has figured in the case before, but not in any connection that would have justified his detention. He has been in the employ of O'Sullivan since the beginning of the year. He is a Canadian and a member of camp 20, to which belonged Dan Coughlin, P. O'Sullivan, Mike Whalen, John F. Beggs, and others who have secured notoriety in the great case.

A few days after the arrest of Coughlin and O'Sullivan a rumor obtained that Tierney had disappeared, but the police appeared to pay little attention to it. He has now developed that at the time, and ever since, Tierney has enjoyed careful police attention.

In the examination to which all of the employees of O'Sullivan and all of the inmates of his house were subjected, immediately after Cronin's disappearance, Tierney told the police that he was in O'Sullivan's house all night, after returning from his work on the ice wagon, and that he went to bed early. No one disputed this story, and the statements of the other members of the family were swallowed without salt.

Then came the developments against O'Sullivan, who, in spite of previous denials, was found to be the Clan-na-Gael man, and an old acquaintance of Detective Dan Coughlin. The police went to work on Tierney again, and it is understood that the policeman and his shadow enjoyed relations more intimate than those which usually exist between employer and employee.

The next information damaging to Tierney came when the police learned of his membership in camp 20 of the Clan-na-Gael. The pump was used again, but Tierney persisted in his first story. Detectives soon learned that Tierney was a lie. He had been absent from home during the entire night of May 4. In looking up Tierney's whereabouts on the fatal night it was learned that he had been seen about O'Sullivan's barns at about dusk. Then he was seen for a short time in a saloon in the neighborhood, which he left to go some place that has not yet been located.

The police have lent their best efforts to learn where Tierney was between 8 o'clock on Saturday and 2 o'clock Sunday morning, but without result. At 2 o'clock he appeared in a Lake View saloon, where he remained until 6 o'clock, drinking freely and spending money even more freely. But work as they would, the detectives could not find the slightest trace of Tierney between 8 o'clock at night and 2 o'clock the next morning.

It was between these hours that Dr. Cronin was beaten to death in the Caran cottage and his body carried to the Evanston avenue ditch basin.

To Identify Maroney. CHICAGO, June 15.—Hakan Martinson, the expressman who hauled the furniture from No. 117 South Clark street to the Caran cottage, had the salesman for Revell & Co., who said the goods; and the clerk who, the agent who rented to "J. B. Simons" the rooms on Clark street, have started for New York, where they will have a chance to identify Maroney, the person there.

Dr. B. MINOR, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., writes every to an eye doctor during the summer. He is one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the post-office will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examining or visiting patients at their homes.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. WISLAW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is a safe and reliable remedy for children teething, colic, and all the ailments of infancy. It is the best remedy for children, and is sold in bottles.

**AUTONOMY FOR SAMOA.****The Agreement Signed by the American, German, and English Commissioners.****BERLIN, June 15.—William Walter Phelps, American Commissioner for Samoa, conference, sails for New York to-morrow on the Florida from Bremen.**

It is reported that the United States has abandoned its objections to the Samoan conference is practically ended. Count Herbert Bischoff, German Commissioner, to-night on a leave of absence.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The agreement between England, Germany, and the United States on Samoan affairs was signed at Berlin at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon. It will not be made public until confirmed by the Senate. While it is called an agreement by officers of the State Department, Mr. Walter Blaine said that he thought it would undoubtedly require ratification by the Senate, as it is a matter affecting the foreign policy of the United States.

The agreement was cordially approved by all the members of the conference and by their respective governments, and the best of feeling prevailed at the termination of the labors of the commissioners.

BERLIN, June 15.—The agreement negotiated by the commissioners to the Samoan conference for the settlement of affairs in Samoa was signed by all the members of the conference. America having abandoned her principal objections to the agreement previously arrived at, plenipotentiaries had only to make essential modifications in the wording of the draft of the treaty.

The draft guaranteed an autonomous administration of the islands under the joint control of Germany and America, England acting as arbitrator in the event of differences arising. The Samoan people are to elect their own King and viceroys and to be represented in a Senate composed of the principal chiefs and chambers elected by the people. Samoa is to have the right of levying duties of every kind. The treaty also stipulates that the Germans will receive a money indemnity for their losses. A special court will be appointed to deal with the land question.

The Americans made their adherence conditional upon the ratification of the treaty by the United States Senate. The status quo will, therefore, obtain in Samoa until December. Mr. Phelps will carry the treaty to Washington.

Messrs. Kasson, Bates, and Phelps cordially congratulated Count Herbert Bischoff for the courteous manner in which they had been treated, and they warmly praised the skill and the tact with which he had presided over the deliberations of the conference. Sir Herbert, in reply, said he hoped they had reached a final solution of the difficult question.

LONDON, June 15.—The Post's Berlin correspondent says: The Samoan treaty arrangements for the restoration of peace and the appointment of German and American advisers to the king, with an English counselor to adjust a balance. The American delegates have the utmost confidence that the treaty will be ratified by the United States Senate.

**WRECKED BY NATURAL GAS.****Probably Fatal Explosion at Indianapolis—Four Persons Injured.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 15.—The residence 114 East New York street was badly wrecked by an explosion of natural gas and four persons were seriously injured, as follows:

FREDERICK L. MCGAHAN, plumber, seriously, may die.  
J. F. CHOWDER, painter, serious.  
LOUIS H. FAHRBERG, burned and bruised.  
Mrs. ELA KILBOURN, burned on nearly all parts of her body, her clothing being burned and a scald being driven into the joints of the right knee. Her injuries are extremely painful, but she will probably recover.

The house had been vacant for a short time and Mrs. Kilbourne's family was about to take possession. The outgoing tenants left one of the pipes uncapped, and neighbors had been complaining of the smell caused by escaping gas. Mrs. Kilbourne called in a plumber to connect her stove with the pipes, and told him of the leak. The workman undertook to fix it, and, instructed Mrs. Kilbourne to light a match, which she did. An explosion instantly followed, tearing the house almost to pieces.

**RIOT IN THE STREETS.****A Fight Between the Blacks and Whites in Wilmington, D.C.**

WILMINGTON, Del., June 15.—A bitter feeling has existed here for a month past between the white and colored population, since a street fight in which neither race had the advantage.

Last night a colored fire and drum corps, while parading, passed a merry-go-round, where a number of young white people had gathered. Words were exchanged between the parties, and one of the colored men fired a revolver into the crowd of whites, the ball striking and shattering the arm of Joseph Lawless, white, aged 8. A fight then followed, when the whites pressed upon the colored paraders, one of the drummers fired two shots at Walter Wright, killed him, and almost immediately. Then again a colored man fired, hitting Thomas Maloney, aged 17, causing a serious wound in the shoulder. The colored men then fled, but the police succeeded in capturing twelve of them. All are held on the charge of murder.

**FULL WEIGHT PURE**

**PRICES**

**CREAM**

**POWDER**

**MOST PERFECT MADE**

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century, it is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the great Universities, the Strongest, Purest, and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum, sold only in cans. PRICE 25 CENTS PER POUND. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

\$75.00 to \$250.00 a Month can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Stagnant funds may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & Co., 100 Main St., Richmond, Virginia.

N. B.—Please state age and business experience. Never mind about sending for a copy. B. F. J. & Co.

Although it is said there has been a big break in prices. It will pay you before buying

**Gasoline Stoves, Window or Door Screens, Lawn Mowers**

**HARDWARE, STOVES, TIN WARE, REFRIGERATORS, FURNITURE,**

**Bed Room Suits, Lounges,**

**Mattresses Springs, Chairs and House-Furnishing Goods Generally,**

(NEW OR SECOND HAND) to call at

**Criswold & Sanborn's,**

28 SOUTH MAIN ST.

P. S.—In times of peace prepare for war. Now is the time to have your homes fitted for heating. Having secured the agency for the best HOT AIR FURNACES made, and at prices way below the old establishments. We propose to make it hot all along the line, with over 30 years experience at the business.

Let us do Tin Roofing with Gilchrist's or Taylor's old style, guaranteed plates. \$27.50 each pair for RED OXID HAND GOODS of all kinds.

**WARMER WEATHER!**

And with it you will want seasonable goods.

**Our Clothing!**

Will be sure to please you; it combines long

wear and easy fitting qualities.

**OUR TAILOR MADE SUITS!**

AT

**\$15.00, \$16.50, \$18.00, and \$20.00**

—ARE—

**CORRECT - IN - STYLE AND - FINISH.**

Just what you want for a dress suit. In lower priced goods every day wearers, we can

knock 'em all out.

**BUSINESS SUITS!**

5.00. 6.00. 7.50. 10.00 and \$12.00.

Best values ever shown.

Children's Suits Shirt & Waists

Cheapest place in town.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Hats the Latest.

Underwear the Lowest.

Neckwear the Newest.

In each and every line we have a large assortment and will undersell them all. Come in; see our stock of straight goods at straight prices.

**FRANK H. BAACK & CO.**

22 West Milwaukee Street.

**CASH BUYERS CASH SELLERS**

**Given Away!**

**ONE :: ECLIPSE :: HOSE :: REEL**

With every 100 feet of

**GARDEN HOSE!**

purchased at

**MILLS BROS.**

The following manufacturers of Garden Hose are represented by us:

The Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co.

The Boston Belting Co.

The Chicago Rubber Manufacturing Co.

The Northwestern Rubber Co.

Prices on Hose guaranteed as low as the lowest (quality considered) and every length warranted. Please call and examine our stock.

**MILLS BROS.**

**INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE**

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 10, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

**Leading Insurance Companies!**

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

**TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,**

ALSO THE

**Travelers' Accident Insurance Company.**

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

Very Respectfully,

**SILAS HAYNER, Agent.**

**THE**

**OLDEST INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS**

In the city

**Opposite Rock Co. National Bank.**

NONE BUT THE

**BEST - OLD - LINE - COMPANIES - REPRESENTED**

**MARK RIPLEY, Agent.**

**STILL IN THE LEAD**

**50 CENTS**

**TAKES THE PLACE OF ONE DOLLAR,**

AT THE

**Great Sheriff's Sale!**

OF

**Boots & Shoes**

**13 Main Street.**

Never before in the history of Janesville,

have boots and shoes been sold at such low

prices, as are now being named by us on first

class goods. We have inaugurated a great

**Bargain Sale!**

which is decidedly popular from its incipien-

cy, and we are pleased to say, that we have

made friends of patrons, who in almost every

instance have expressed their satisfaction

with former purchases and continue to pat-

ronize us quite liberally. We in turn appreciate

this and shall continue to sell good honest

custom made boots and shoes at

**Less Than One-Half the Actual Value.**

**Take a Glimpse of the Following**

Articles we are Offering:

Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoes \$1 00.

Ladies' Serge Congress—solid comfort—45 cents.

Ladies' French Kid, Hand turned Button Boots; in all styles: sizes

and widths \$2.95, worth \$7 00.

Ladies' good House Slippers 5 cents.

Ladies' Good Boston Rubbers 15 cents.











